



"True to his charge—he comes, the Herald of a noisy world; News from all nations, lumbering at his back."

D. BRADFORD, Editor.

LEXINGTON, SATURDAY, FEB. 6, 1836.

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Conclusion of the Documents referred to  
in the Special Message relative to the  
French Indemnity.

No. 3.—Mr. Barton to the Duke de Broglie

LEGATION OF U. S. OF AMERICA,  
Paris, 24th Oct. 1835.

His Excellency Duke de Broglie,  
Minister for Foreign Affairs.

MONSIEUR LE DUC: Having executed  
to the letter the last instructions of my  
Government, in the interview which I had  
the honor to have with your excellency  
on the 20th of this month, in order fur-  
ther to comply with those instructions, I  
am about to return to the United States.  
Before leaving France, however, I have  
thought that it might not be altogether  
useless to address your excellency, and  
to submit to you the conversation which  
then took place between us, word for  
word, as I understand it. In pursuing  
this course, I am prompted by a double  
motive; first, by a sincere desire to avoid  
even the slightest misunderstanding as  
to the precise meaning of any expres-  
sions used on either part; and also with  
a view, in presenting myself to my go-  
vernment, to furnish indisputable proof  
of my fidelity in executing the instruc-  
tions with which I had the honor to be  
charged. This last motive, Monsieur le  
Duc, does not interest you personally,  
but the first, I am sure, will not appear  
without importance in your eyes.

Having said that I was instructed to  
employ both language and manner the  
most conciliatory, I begged you to be-  
lieve, should any thing appear to you not  
to partake of that character, that the  
fault must be attributed to me alone, and  
not to my Government, as in that case I  
should be certain that I neither repre-  
sented its dispositions nor faithfully obeyed  
its orders.

I began the conversation by informing  
you that I had requested an interview by  
order of my Government, and that on the  
result of that interview would depend  
my future movements. I said that I  
was ordered to convey to the French  
Government assurances of the very  
lively satisfaction felt by the President  
on receiving the news and confirmation  
of the King's safety; and that I was  
further instructed by the Secretary of  
State to assure you personally of his  
high consideration. After an obliging  
answer of your excellency, I had the  
honor to submit the following ques-  
tions:

"I am instructed by my Government  
to inquire of your excellency what are  
the intentions of His Majesty's Govern-  
ment in relation to the funds voted by the  
Chambers?"

And I understood you to make the fol-  
lowing answer:

"Having written a despatch to His  
Majesty's Charge d'Affaires at Washing-  
ton, with instructions to communicate it  
to Mr. Forsyth, I have nothing to say in  
addition to the despatch."

I said "I am also instructed to inquire  
of your excellency whether His Majesty's  
Government is ready to pay those funds?"

And you returned this answer: "Yes,  
in the terms of the despatch."

I added, "I am instructed to add an-  
other question—Will His Majesty's Gov-  
ernment name any fixed determinate  
period when they will be disposed to pay  
those funds?"

To this question, the following was  
your excellency's answer, as I under-  
stood it: "To-morrow, if necessary;  
when the Government of the United  
States shall, by a written official com-  
munication, have expressed its regret at  
the misunderstanding which has taken place  
between the two Governments; assuring  
us that this misunderstanding was found-  
ed on an error, that it did not intend to  
call in question the good faith of His  
Majesty's Government; the funds are  
there, we are ready to pay. In the des-  
patch to M. Pageot, we gave the views

of our Government on this question.—  
Mr. Forsyth not having thought proper to  
accept a copy of that despatch, and hav-  
ing said that the Government of the U-  
nited States could not receive a commu-  
nication in such a form, I have nothing  
to add. I am forced to entrench myself  
behind that despatch. If the Govern-  
ment of the United States does not give  
this assurance, we shall be obliged to  
think this misunderstanding is not the re-  
sult of an error, and the business will  
stop there."

To your excellency's offer to commu-  
nicate to me the despatch to M. Pageot,  
I replied that, as my instructions had no  
reference to that question, I did not think  
myself authorized to discuss it.

After some minutes, I rose, and said,  
"In a short time I shall have the honor of  
writing to your excellency."

You answered, "I shall, at all times,  
receive with pleasure any communica-  
tion addressed to me on the part of the  
Government of the United States," and  
our conversation ended.

Such, Monsieur le Duc, as far as my  
memory serves me, are the literal ex-  
pressions employed by both of us. Should  
you discover any inaccuracies in the re-  
lation which I have the honor to submit  
to you, it will give me pleasure, as it will  
be my duty to correct them. If, on the  
contrary, this relation should appear to  
you in every respect conformable to the  
truth, I take the liberty of claiming from  
your kindness a confirmation of it for the  
reasons which I have already, I believe,  
sufficiently explained.

Your excellency's most obedient, hum-  
ble servant,

THOMAS P. BARTON.

No. 4.—Duke de Broglie to Mr. Barton.

[TRANSLATION.]—E.

Paris, Oct. 26, 1835.

To T. P. Barton,

Charge d'Affaires of the U. S.

SIR: I have received the letter which  
you did me the honor to address to me on  
the 24th of this month.  
You are desirous to give your Govern-  
ment a faithful account of the conversa-  
tion which you had with me on the 20th;  
while communicating to me a statement  
of that conversation, you request me to  
indicate the involuntary errors which I  
may remark in it. I appreciate the mo-  
tives which influence you, and the im-  
portance which you attach to the exact-  
ness of this statement; and I therefore  
hasten to point out three errors which  
have found their way into your report,  
acknowledging, at the same time, its per-  
fect conformity on all other points, with  
the explanations interchanged between us.

In reply to your question—*Whether  
the King's Government would name any  
fixed and determinate period at which it  
would be disposed to pay the twenty-five  
millions?* you make me say, "to-morrow,  
if necessary: when the Government of  
the United States shall, by a written official  
communication, have expressed its  
regret at the misunderstanding which has  
taken place between the two Govern-  
ments; assuring us that this misunder-  
standing is founded on an error, that it  
did not intend to call in question the  
good faith of His Majesty's Govern-  
ment," &c.

Now, this is what I really said: "To-  
morrow, to-day, immediately, if the Gov-  
ernment of the United States is ready  
on its part to declare to us, by addressing  
its claim (reclamation) to us officially in  
writing, that it regrets the misunderstanding  
which has arisen between the two  
countries; that this misunderstanding is  
founded upon a mistake, and that it never  
entered into its intention (pensée) to call  
in question the good faith of the  
French Government, nor to take a men-  
acing attitude towards France."

By the terms of your report, I am  
made to have continued thus: "In the  
despatch to M. Pageot, we gave the views  
of our Government on this question.—  
Mr. Forsyth not having thought proper  
to accept a copy of that despatch, and  
having said that the Government of the  
United States could not receive the com-  
munication in that form," &c. That  
was not what I said, because such was  
not the language of Mr. Forsyth to Mr.  
Pageot. On refusing the copy offered to  
him by that Charge d'Affaires, Mr. For-  
syth gave as the only reason, that it was  
a document of which he could make no  
use; and that was the phrase repeated  
by me.

Mr. Forsyth made no objection to the  
form which I had adopted to communi-  
cate to the Federal Government the views  
of the King's Government; in fact, not  
only is there nothing unusual in that  
form; not only is it employed in the inter-  
course between one government and an-  
other, whenever there is a desire to avoid  
the irritation which might involuntarily  
arise from an exchange of contradictory  
notes in a direct controversy, but reflection  
on the circumstances and the respec-  
tive positions of the two countries  
will clearly show that it was chosen pre-  
cisely in a spirit of conciliation and re-  
gard for the Federal Government.

Finally, sir, after having said, "If the  
Government of the United States does  
not give this assurance, we shall be  
obliged to think that this misunder-  
standing is not the result of an error," I did  
not add, "and the business will stop  
there." The last error is, however, of  
so little importance, that I hesitated to  
notice it.

Receive, sir, the assurance of my high  
consideration,

V. BROGLIE.

No. 5.—Mr. Barton to Duke de Broglie.

F.

LEGATION OF U. S. OF AMERICA,  
Paris, Nov. 6, 1835.

MONSIEUR LE DUC: Having been re-  
called by my Government, I have the  
honor to request that your excellency  
will be pleased to cause passports to be  
prepared, to enable me to proceed to  
Havre, thence to embark for the United  
States, and for my protection during the  
time I may find it necessary to remain in  
Paris. I am instructed to give as a rea-  
son for my departure the non-execution  
on the part of His Majesty's Govern-  
ment of the convention of July 14th,  
1831.

I avail myself of this opportunity,  
Monsieur le Duc, to renew the assuran-  
ces of very high consideration with which  
I have the honor to be, your excellency's  
most obedient, humble servant,

THO. P. BARTON.  
His excellency, Duke de Broglie,  
Minister of Foreign Affairs, &c.

No. 6.—Duke de Broglie to Mr. Barton.

[TRANSLATION.]

To Mr. Barton, Charge d'Affaires

of the U. States of America.

Paris, Nov. 8th, 1835.

SIR: Having taken His Majesty's or-  
ders with regard to your communication  
of the 6th instant, I have the honor to  
send you herewith the passports which  
you requested of me. As to the rea-  
sons which you have been charged to ad-  
vance, in explanation of your departure,  
I have nothing to say, (*Je n'ai point à  
m'y arrêter.*) The Government of the  
United States, sir, knows that upon itself  
depends henceforward the execution of  
the treaty of July 14th, 1831.

Accept, sir, the assurance of my high  
consideration.

V. BROGLIE.

No. 7.—Mr. Forsyth to M. Pageot.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

Washington, 29th June, 1835.

M. Pageot,

Charge d'Affaires, &c. &c.

SIR: I have the honor to acquaint you,  
for the information of your Government,  
that the Secretary of the Treasury has,  
in conformity with the provisions of the  
act of Congress of the 13th of July,  
1832, designated the Messrs. de Roths-  
child, Brothers, of Paris, as agents to re-  
ceive the payments from time to time  
due to this Government under the stipu-  
lations of the convention of 4th of July,  
1831, between the United States and  
His Majesty the King of the French;  
and that the President has granted a  
special power to the said Messrs. de  
Rothschild, Brothers, authorizing and em-  
powering them, upon the due receipt of  
the same, to give the necessary acquit-  
tances to the French Government, ac-  
cording to the provisions of the conven-  
tion referred to.

The power given to the Messrs. de  
Rothschild will be presented by them  
whenever the French Government is ready  
to make the payments.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedi-  
ent servant,

JOHN FORSYTH.

No. 8.—M. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth.

[TRANSLATION.]

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1835.

To the Hon. Mr. Forsyth,

Secretary of State:

SIR: I have received the letter which  
you did me the honor to address to me  
this day, and by which you communi-  
cate to me, for the information of my Go-  
vernment, that the Secretary of the  
Treasury, in virtue of the act of Con-  
gress of July 13th, 1832, has appointed  
Messrs. de Rothschild, Brothers, at Paris,  
agents for receiving, as they become due,  
the several payments of the sum stipu-  
lated as indemnification, by the conven-  
tion concluded on the 4th of July, 1831,  
between His Majesty the King of the  
French and the United States of America.

I lost no time, sir, in transmitting this  
communication to my Government; and I  
embrace this opportunity to offer you  
the assurance of the high consideration  
with which I have the honor to be, your  
most humble and obedient servant,

A. PAGEOT.

No. 9.—M. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth.

[TRANSLATION.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1, 1835.

To the Hon. John Forsyth,

Secretary of State of the U. S.

SIR: On the 11th of September last, I

had the honor, as I was authorized, to  
read to you a despatch which his excel-  
lency the Minister of Foreign Affairs  
had addressed to me on the 17th of June  
previous, respecting the state of the rela-  
tions between France and the United  
States. The object of this communica-  
tion was to make known to the Cabinet  
of Washington, in a form often employed,  
the point of view from which the King's  
Government regarded the difficulties be-  
tween the two countries, and to indicate  
the means by which, in its opinion, they  
might be terminated in a manner honor-  
able to both Governments. I was also  
authorized to allow you, in case you  
should desire it, to take a copy of this  
despatch; but, contrary to the expecta-  
tion which diplomatic usage in such cases  
permitted me to entertain, you thought  
proper to refuse to request it.

I regretted this resolution of yours,  
sir, at the time, because, in the first place,  
it appeared to be at variance with (*s'écarter  
de*) that conciliatory spirit which so  
particularly characterized the communi-  
cation just made to you; and next, as it  
seemed in a manner to deprive the Cab-  
inet of Washington of the means of know-  
ing, in their full extent, the views of the  
King's Government, of which an atten-  
tive examination of the Duke de Broglie's  
letter could alone have enabled it to form  
a just estimate. These regrets, sir,  
have not diminished, and at the moment  
when the President is about to communi-  
cate to Congress the state of the rela-  
tions between France and the U. States,  
I consider it useful and necessary, for the  
interests of all, to endeavor to place him  
in possession of all the facts which may  
afford him the means of giving an exact  
account of the real dispositions and  
views of the King's Government on the  
subject of the existing difficulties.

With this intention, and from a desire  
to neglect nothing which, by offering to  
the American Government another op-  
portunity of making itself acquainted  
minutely with the highly conciliatory  
sentiments of His Majesty's Govern-  
ment, may contribute to restore good un-  
derstanding between the Cabinets of  
Paris and Washington, I have the honor  
to transmit to you a copy of the Duke de  
Broglie's despatch, and to request you  
to place it under the eye of the Presi-  
dent.

I embrace this opportunity, sir, to re-  
new to you the assurance of the high  
consideration with which I have the hon-  
or, &c.

A. PAGEOT.

No. 10.—Mr. Forsyth to M. Pageot.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

Washington, 3d Dec. 1835.

SIR: I had yesterday the honor to

receive your note of the 1st inst. with  
the accompanying paper, purporting to  
be a copy of a letter, addressed, under  
date of the 17th of June last, by his ex-  
cellency the Duke de Broglie, Minis-  
ter of Foreign Affairs of France, to your-  
self.

After referring to what occurred in  
our interview of the 11th of September,  
in regard to the original letter, and ex-  
pressing your regrets at the course I then  
felt it my duty to take, you request me  
to place the copy enclosed in your letter  
under the eye of the President.

In allowing you, during that interview,  
to read to me the Duke de Broglie's de-  
spatch, which I cheerfully did, you were  
enabled to avail yourself of that informal  
mode of apprizing this Department of the  
views of your Government in the full  
extent authorized by diplomatic usage.  
The question whether or not I should  
ask a copy of that despatch, was, of  
course, left as it should have been by  
your Government, exclusively to my  
discretion. My reasons for not making  
that request were frankly stated to you,  
founded on a conviction that, in the exist-  
ing state of the relations between the  
two countries, the President would think  
it most proper that every communica-  
tion upon the subject in difference be-  
tween them, designed to influence his  
conduct, should, before it was submitted  
to his consideration, be made to assume  
the official form belonging to a direct  
communication from one Government to  
another, by which alone he could be en-  
abled to cause a suitable reply to be  
given to it, and to submit it, should such  
a step become necessary, to his associates  
in the Government. I had also the hon-  
or, at the same time, to assure you, that  
any direct communication from your-  
self, as the representative of the King's  
Government, to me, embracing the con-  
tents of this despatch, or any other mat-  
ter you might be authorized to communi-  
cate in the accustomed mode would be  
laid without delay before the President,  
and would undoubtedly receive from him  
an early and just consideration.

It cannot have escaped your reflec-  
tions that my duty required that the cir-  
cumstances of the interview between us  
should be reported to the President, and  
that the discovery of any error on my  
part in representing his views of the  
course proper to be pursued on that occa-  
sion would, without fail, have been  
promptly communicated to you. That  
duty was performed. The substance of

our interview, and the reasons by which  
my course in it had been guided, were  
immediately communicated to, and en-  
tirely approved by, him. I could not,  
therefore, have anticipated that, after  
so long a period had elapsed, and with-  
out any change in the condition of affairs,  
you should have regarded it as useful or  
proper to revive the subject at the time  
and in the form you have seen fit to  
adopt. Cordially reciprocating, how-  
ever, the conciliatory sentiments expressed  
in your note, and in deference to your  
request, I have again consulted the Presi-  
dent on the subject, and am instructed to  
inform you that the opinion expressed by  
me in the interview between us, and  
subsequently confirmed by him, remains  
unchanged; and I therefore respectfully  
restore to you the copy of it which you  
desired.

I am also instructed to say that the  
President entertains a decided conviction  
that a departure, in the present case,  
from the ordinary and accustomed meth-  
od of international communication is  
calculated to increase, rather than to di-  
minish, the difficulties unhappily exist-  
ing between France and the United  
States, and that its observance in their  
future intercourse will be most likely to  
bring about the amicable adjustment of  
those difficulties on terms honorable to  
both parties. Such a result is sincerely  
desired by him; and he will omit nothing  
consistent with the faithful discharge of  
his duties to the United States, by which  
it may be promoted. In this spirit I am  
directed by him to repeat to you the as-  
surance made in our interview in Sep-  
tember last, that any official communi-  
cation you may think proper to address  
to this Government, will promptly re-  
ceive such consideration as may be due  
to its contents, and to the interests in-  
volved in the subject to which it may refer.

As the enclosed paper is not considered  
the subject of reply, you will allow me  
to add, for the purpose of preventing any  
misconception in this respect, that my  
silence in regard to its contents is not to  
be construed as admitting the accuracy  
of any of the statements or reasonings  
contained in it.

I have the honor to renew, &c.

JOHN FORSYTH.

No. 11.—Mr. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth.

[TRANSLATION.]

To the Hon. JOHN FORSYTH, Secretary

of State of the U. S.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5, 1835.

SIR: I yesterday evening received the  
letter which you did me the honor to  
write to me on the 3d of this month; with  
it, you return to me the copy of a de-  
spatch which I had transmitted to you two  
days before, and the original of which  
was addressed to me on the 17th of June  
last, by his excellency the Minister of  
Foreign Affairs.

I will not seek, sir, to disguise from  
you the astonishment produced in me by  
the return of a document so very impor-  
tant in the present state of the relations  
between the two countries; neither will  
I undertake to reply to the reasons on  
which this determination of yours is based.  
My intention in communicating  
this document to you, in a form not only  
sanctioned by the diplomatic usages  
of all nations and all ages, but also the  
most direct which I could possibly have  
chosen, was to make known the real  
dispositions of my Government to the  
President of the United States, and  
through him to Congress and the Ameri-  
can People; conceiving that, in the ex-  
isting situation of the two countries, it  
was essential that each Government  
should fully comprehend the intentions  
of the other. This consideration appeared  
to me paramount to all others. You  
have judged otherwise, sir; and you have  
thought that, whatever might be the im-  
portance of a communication, it was  
proper, before receiving it, to examine  
whether the form in which it came to  
you was strictly accordant with the  
usages necessary, in your opinion, to be  
observed in diplomatic transactions with  
the Government of the Republic. I will  
not insist farther. I have fulfilled all  
the duties which appeared to be prescrib-  
ed for me, by the spirit of reconcilia-  
tion in conjunction with the respect due  
by me to all communications from my  
Government; and nothing more remains  
for me, than to express my deep regret  
that the misunderstanding between the  
two Governments, already so serious,  
should be kept up, not by weighty diffi-  
culties which involve the interests and  
the dignity of the two countries, but by  
questions of form, as uncertain in their  
principle as doubtful in their application.

I have the honor, sir, to renew to you  
the assurances of my high consideration.

A. PAGEOT.

No. 12.—M. Pageot to Mr. Forsyth.

[TRANSLATION.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2, 1836.

To the Hon. John Forsyth,

Secretary of State.

SIR: I have the honor to announce to  
you that, in consequence of the recall of  
Mr. Barton, the King's Government has  
given me orders to lay down the charac-

ter of Charge d'Affaires of His Majesty  
near the Government of the United  
States. I shall, therefore, immediately  
begin the preparations for my return to  
France; but in the meantime, I think  
proper to claim the protection of the  
Federal Government during the period  
which I may consider it necessary to re-  
main in the United States.

I have the honor to be, with the most  
distinguished consideration, sir, your  
most humble and obedient servant,

A. PAGEOT.

No. 13.—Mr. Forsyth to M. Pageot.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

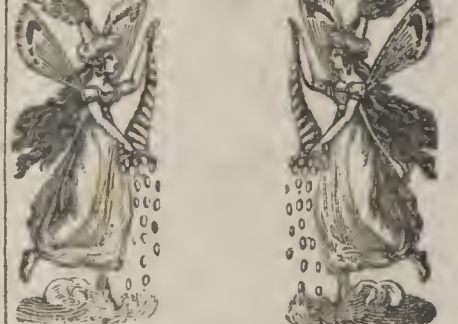
Washington, Jan. 2, 1836.

M. Alphonse Pageot, &c.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge  
your note of this day's date, in which  
you announce that you have the order of  
your Government, given in consequence  
of the recall of Mr. Barton, to lay aside  
the character of Charge d'Affaires of the  
King of France near the Government of  
the United States. The protection of the  
Federal Government is due, and will, of  
course, be extended to you, during the  
time necessary for your preparations to  
return to France.

I am, sir, with great consideration,  
your obedient servant,

JOHN FORSYTH.



**Dreamers Arouse!**

A Valuable hint from Sylvester.

THE past year concluded with SYLVESTER'S  
TER'S having sold the Capital Prize of  
25,000 DOLLARS.

In Grand Consolidated Lottery, class 45—a whole  
ticket—to a resident citizen.—And has been produc-  
tive of wealth and contentment to hundreds. The  
same opportunity presents itself. Look with at-  
tention to the truly Magnificent Schemes offered  
for February. It is impossible to prevent disap-  
pointment to numerous correspondents who from  
delay in writing early are deprived of these valu-  
able chances. Sylvester therefore invites his  
friends and patrons to be early in their application,  
which alone can ensure them supply. Apply  
therefore without hesitation to

S. J. SYLVESTER.

130 Broadway, N. Y.

**BRILLIANT SCHEME.**

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,

CLASS No. 4.

For the benefit of the Petersburg Benevolent Me-  
chanic Association.

To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. Saturday

February 13, 1836.

**SCHEME.**











**CAR HOURS.**  
**THE MAIL CAR.**  
The Mail Car will leave Lexington every morning at 9 o'clock, and arrive at Frankfort at 11 o'clock, P. M.  
The Mail Car will leave Frankfort every morning at 9 o'clock, and arrive at Lexington at 11 o'clock, P. M.  
January 12, 1836—2-3

**REMOVAL.**  
**CABINET MAKING.**  
The subscriber respectfully informs his old customers, and the public generally, that he has removed his **CABINET SHOP** and Dwelling House to the stand formerly occupied by J. J. Sheridan, on Main Street, immediately opposite the Masonic Hall, where all articles in his line of business can be had on short notice and good terms.  
He invites all wishing to purchase to call upon him.  
**J. J. SMITH'S PATENT BEDSTEADS** made to order on short notice.  
JOSEPH MILWARD.  
Lexington, Dec. 12, 1835—2-3

**TEXAS.**  
**I HAVE FOR SALE,** a large quantity of **TEXAS SCRIP**, in Lexington's grant, adjoining and immediately above Austin's Colony, including the Brasses and extending to the Colorado river. This is the most fertile part of Texas. Any person wishing to emigrate to, or engage in a speculation in land in this delightful region, will find it well to apply to the undersigned, who will give a first rate bargain in all respects to suit the purchaser. Apply to Mr. P. Scott at Dr. C. Overton, at the late residence of Walter Overton, deceased, five miles from Lexington, near the Booneboro' road.  
JOHN W. OVERTON.  
January 5, 1836—2-3

**A FARM TO BE RENTED.**  
NEAR the Turnpike Bridge, 6 miles from Lexington, calculated for a desirable residence, and from the advantages of creek water and pasturage, admits of being made a profitable Stock Farm. Enquire at J. KEISER'S, Lexington Hotel.  
MARY PARKER.  
January 12, 1836—2-3

**MESSENGER DUROC.**  
WILL stand the ensuing season at my stables on the Lexington Association course. Particulars &c., made known in due time.  
Pedigree in a concise form.  
Messenger DuROC, by DuROC; dam Virentia, by Messenger; Slander, Lady; Vindicta; True Bitten; Joseph; Andromeda's imported mare by Merser; Stirling; Putney; Smiling Tom; Trillier's dam by Almanzo; Bay Bolton's sister by Grey Hauthy; Makless; Blimmer; Diamond; Sister to the dam of Melvin by Bustler.  
JAMES SHY.  
January 10, 1836—2-3

**DR. W. J. BASHAW, SURGEON DENTIST.**  
HAS arrived in Lexington, and taken lodgings at Miss Susan Cook's, where he intends his services in his profession to those who may need his services.  
Lexington, Jan. 16, 1837—2-3  
The Observer & Reporter will insert the above 3 times.

**NEW GROCERY STORE.**  
**LEO TIBBATT'S,**  
RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the Grocery business at his father's old stand, Short street, opposite the Court-house, where he intends to keep a general assortment of **GROCERIES, FOREIGN & DOMESTIC LIQUORS;** and all such articles as are usually sold by Grocers.  
Lex. Sept 17, 1835—45-3m

**ALL NEW.**  
THE subscriber gratefully thanks his friends and the public generally for past favors, would respectfully inform them, that, after having been engaged in manufacturing Tobacco for the last 15 years, he has been compelled, in consequence of the scarcity of leaf Tobacco, to change in some measure, his business. He has therefore just received, and will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of **FRESH GROCERIES;**  
A part of which is as follows:  
50 Sacks COFFEE,  
30 Barrels No. 3 MACKEREL, fresh 1835,  
10 Boxes Fresh Blown Raisins,  
6 Drums Figs, first quality,  
2 Barrels of first rate strained Honey,  
2 Barrels Chestnuts, first quality,  
A complete assortment of **SHOES & BOOTS,** of a superior quality,  
7 Dozen Willow Market Baskets, of assorted sizes, Alpique, Ginger, Pine, Indigo, Shit;  
Also, 4 Barrels of first quality **LOAF SUGAR.** A complete assortment of **GROCERIES,** of all kinds, will be kept constantly on hand, low for Cash, or fine Leaf Tobacco.  
The highest price will be given for from forty to fifty thousand pounds of Tobacco in the leaf, of a first rate quality.  
ROBERT GRAY.  
N. B. Tobacco and Segars kept constantly on hand as usual.  
Lexington Jan 1, 1836—1-3f

**NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS ON THE RAIL ROAD.**  
IT has become indispensably necessary to put a stop to the using of the Lexington and Ohio Rail Road as a public highway, by persons on horseback. Notice is therefore given, that the penalties of the laws will be rigidly enforced in future, against all trespassers who may ride on the road or its embankments, or drive carts, wagons, or other vehicles thereon. This caution is intended to protect the lives of those who may venture upon the road, as well as the company's property; it being impossible, in some situations, to stop the Locomotive in time to prevent accidents.  
The 23d section of the Charter fixes the penalty, for injury done the road, cars or machinery, at Five Hundred Dollars.  
The 4th section of an amendatory law, passed February 2d, 1835, enacts, that it shall be lawful for any person to ride on the Rail Road or its embankments, or to drive thereon carts, or other vehicles; and any person offending herein, shall be liable to be prosecuted and fined before a Mayor or a City, or a Justice of the Peace, in the same manner as is prescribed in other and like cases, for trespass and nuisance.  
By order of the Board of Directors,  
THOMAS SMITH, Pres't.  
Dec. 23, 1835—51-6f  
Intelligencer and Gazette 6 times.—Observer and Reporter.

**NORTHERN BANK OF KENTUCKY STOCK.** Wanted to purchase a few hundred Shares.  
DAVID A. SAYRE.  
July 19, 1835—24-1f

**STATS OF KENTUCKY, Boone Circuit.**  
COURT SESS. NOVEMBER TERM, 1835.  
Carroll's heirs &c. complainants vs. Jacob Fowler, Tibbs' heirs &c. defendants. In Chancery.  
This day came the complainants by their attorney, and on their motion, it is ordered and made known to John Spence and Mary F. Spence, Thos Triplett and Margaret C. Triplett, Duval and Nancy F. Duval, Thomas and Samuel Foushee Tibbs, Willoughby Tibbs and Samuel Tibbs, heirs at law of said Jacob Fowler, dec'd, and to all unknown claimants of ten thousand acres of land lying on the waters of Big Bone creek in the now county of Boone, entered and surveyed in the name of Isaac Melchor which entry is as follows: "May 11th 17-0. Isaac Melchor enters 10,000 acres upon Treasury warrant, on the Big Bone creek, beginning at the fork about 3 or 4 miles above the lick and running up the forks including its branches." That on the 21st of February next before the said Saturday in May 1836, day next before the said Saturday in May 1836, at the house of Henry Lee in Mason county, the complainants in this case will take the deposition of said Lee, and on the said Saturday of May 1836, they will take the deposition of Thos. Young, at his residence in said county of Mason, and at the house of John P. Gaines in Boone county, on the first Saturday of June 1836, for the purpose of perpetrating the testimony of said witnesses in regard to the validity of said claim which said complainants profess to hold, and in regard to the invalidity of interfering claims.  
And it is directed that this order be published in all respects in the Kentucky Gazette, and that there be at least four months between the first advertisement and the taking of said depositions.  
A copy attested.  
C. H. CHAMBERS, c. o. o.  
December 19, 1835—50-6f

**CAREY'S LIBRARY OF CHOICE LITERATURE.**  
TO say that this is a reading age, implies a desire for instruction, and the means to gratify that desire. On the first point, all are agreed; on the second, there is diversity both of opinion and of practice. We have newspapers, magazines, reviews; in fine, pamphlets of all sizes, on nearly all subjects, which have several times their classes of readers and supporters. And yet, copious as are these means of intellectual supply, more is still needed. In addition to the reviews of the day, and passing notices of books, the people in large numbers, in all parts of our great republic, crave the possession of the books themselves, and details, of the progress of discovery in art and science. But though it is easy to ascertain and express their wants, it is not so easy to gratify them. Expense, distance from the emporium of literature, engrossing occupations which prevent personal application or even messages to libraries and booksellers, are so many causes to keep people away from the great literary depot. It is the object of the publisher of the Librarian, to obviate these difficulties, and to enable every individual, at a small cost and without any personal effort, to obtain for his own use and that of his favored friends or family, valuable works, complete, on all the branches of useful and popular literature, and that in a form well adapted to the comfort of the reader.  
The charm of variety, as far as it is compatible with morality and good taste, will be held constantly in view in conducting the Librarian, to fill the pages of which, the current literature of Great Britain, in all its various departments of Biography, History, Travels, Novels and Poetry, shall be freely put under contribution. With perchance, occasional exceptions, it is intended to give entire, the work which shall be selected for publication. When circumstances authorize the measure, recourse will be had to the literary treasures of Continental Europe and translations thereof from French, Italian or German, as the case may be.  
Which the body of the work will be a reprint, or at times a translation of entire volumes, the cover will exhibit the miscellaneous character of a Magazine, and consist of sketches of men and things, and notices of novelties in literature and the arts, throughout the civilized world. A full and regular supply of the Librarian monthly and bi-monthly, in addition to home periodicals of a similar character, cannot fail to provide ample materials for this part of our work.  
The resources and extensive correspondence of the publishers, are the best guarantee for the continuance of the enterprise in which they are now about to embark, as well as for the abundance of the materials to give it value in the eyes of the public. As far as judicious selection and arrangement are concerned, and as well as its price, have reason to be fully satisfied, as the editor of the Librarian is not a stranger to them, but has more than once obtained their favorable suffrages for his past literary efforts.  
TERMS.  
The work will be published in weekly numbers, in stitched covers, each number containing twenty imperial octavo pages, with double columns, making two volumes annually, of more than 500 octavo pages, each volume and at the expiring of every six months, subscribers will be furnished with a handsome title page and table of contents. The whole amount of matter furnished in a single year, will be equal to more than forty volumes of the common sized English duodecimo books, the cost of which will be at least ten times the price of a year's subscription to the "Librarian." The paper upon which the Librarian will be printed, will be of the finest quality for book-work, and of a size admirably adapted for binding. At the price it will be handsomely new, and of a real appearance, each volume, when bound, will furnish a handsome, as well as valuable, and not cumbersome addition to the libraries of those who patronize the work.  
The price of the Librarian will be \$5 per annum, payable in advance.  
A commission of 20 per cent. will be allowed to agents; and any agent, or postmaster, furnishing five subscribers and remitting the amount of subscription, shall be entitled to the commission of twenty per cent. or a copy of the work for one year.  
A specimen of the work, or any information respecting it may be obtained by addressing the publishers, post paid.  
E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Philadelphia.  
July 17, 1835—42

**NOTICE.**  
THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken Mr. THOMAS DOLAN into partnership in his Mercantile concern. The business will, in future, be conducted in the name of **LEAVY & DOLAN,** who have now on hand, and are receiving from New York and Philadelphia, a large and very general assortment of **MERCHANDISE,** of nearly every variety; which they will sell on reasonable terms.  
WM. A. LEAVY.  
Lexington, April 23—16-1f

**LEXINGTON BRANCH BANK OF KENTUCKY.**  
THE regular discount day, will be on Tuesday morning of each week, and Notes and Bills offered must be deposited in Bank on a day preceding the discount day.  
WILL S. WALLER, Cash'r.  
July 6, 1835—27-1f

**CITY LICENSES.**  
THE Mayor and Board of Councilmen of the City of Lexington, at their stated meeting, to be held in the Council Chamber on the first Thursday in February, 1836, will hear applications for Licenses to Tavern-keepers, Coffee, Puter and Beer-keepers, Confectioners, Victuallers and Retailers.  
Hacks, Gigs, Drays, Wagons and Carts, plying for hire, Brokers, Hucksters, &c. within the city, will be licensed by the Clerk, (with the assent of the Mayor,) on application at his office.  
D. BRADFORD, Clerk of the City.  
Jan. 7, 1836—2d

**CANDLES AND LEATHER.**  
**1000 BOXES** dip and moulded Candles, for sale by **MONTMOLLIN & CORNWALL.**  
P. S. As it is our wish to close our consignment of Leather, Shoemakers and dealers in it may expect bargains.  
January 8, 1836—3-2m

**FRENCH CHINA.**  
**SUPERB DINNER SERVICES,** Gold Band Baskets; supported by figures; and a variety of seasonable China-ware; viz:—Tea Sets, Plates, Bowls, &c.  
Also—One Case Plated Candlesticks, 1 splendid Set Cut Glass Gossameres, Mantel Clocks, Astral Lamps, &c.  
The above China is of our own importation direct from Paris, and of a superior quality and style. Just opened by **JAMES & BROTHER.**  
June 22, 1835—28-1f

**300 DOLLARS REWARD.**—Stolen from the subscriber on Saturday night the 12th of September inst. between 7 and 8 o'clock, an old liquor case, containing  
\$130 in half eagles,  
\$300 in fifty dollar notes of the U. S. Bank,  
\$250 mostly in 20 dollar notes of the Lex. Branch of the Bank of Kentucky.  
1 Silver tumbler, bottom worn out, containing \$30 in U. S. money, and the balance full of silver change—Also in the tumbler, an old fashioned coin commonly called a "Cob dollar," nearly a triangle, without letters or figures on it, which has been in my family near 20 years.  
1 Certificate of stock in the Meysville Turnpike company, issued to the Fayette County court, for one hundred shares.  
1 Certificate for two shares of my own.  
Also, about \$15,000 in due bills &c. all payable to G. Keen; among which, the following are recollect:  
1 note on Darwin Johnson, due 15th September inst. for 200 dollars.  
1 note on John Keiser, due 25th December next, for 108 dollars.  
1 note on John B. Higger, due 25th December next, for 40 dollars.  
1 note on Cornelius Hendricks due 25th December next for 30 dollars.  
4 notes on Thomas S. Reid & J. R. Sloan amounting to \$750.  
1 note on Nathaniel Gist, due 17 or 18 years ago, for \$100.  
1 note on Jesse Bayles, for \$8.  
A receipt from John Norton for 25 or \$2600.  
A contract between O. Keen, and N. H. Hall and wife for rent of a plantation, dated about five years past.  
A memorandum of a judgment of the Fayette Circuit court against A. Legrand, dated some years back, for about \$140, signed by General Thomas Holley, Clerk of the Court.  
The reward will be paid for the delivery of the case and contents to me, or such information that I can get them.  
O. KEEN.  
Lexington Sept 15th, 1835—36-1f

**LOOK HERE.**  
**JOHN M. HEWETT, TRUSS MAKER,**  
Opposite the Lexington Hotel, Lexington, Ky.  
BEGS leave, respectfully to inform his friends and the public, that he has obtained the agency of Mr. Thomas Spence, of Richmond, Ky. in making and practicing his celebrated **PATENT TRUSS**, for the cure of all cases of **Hernia, or Rupture,** of recent or long standing.  
He is so convinced of the importance of this instrument above all that have ever been used, that he not only purposes to abandon all the various kinds he has heretofore used in his extensive practice, but to assure the afflicted that the universal terms, **ere—no Cure, no Pay!**  
N. B. All kinds of **Bandages, Gentlemen's Riding Girdles, and Suspensors,** manufactured and for sale as before.  
June 26, 1834—27-1f

**Boarding School.**  
HAVING procured a large and convenient house, near the residence of Mr. Jacob Hughes, the subscriber will open a **BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,** in which will be taught all the branches of a polite, refined and complete English Education. A new system of instruction will be adopted; one that a short experience has proved to be in strict conformity with the philosophy of the Human Mind; and one that, even partially practised, has been attended with much success. This system contemplates particularly the strengthening and enlarging the mind; and part of education of all other the most important, and to which, it must be acknowledged, the common systems, even in the highest schools, give no attention. Composition and the art of Conversation, will receive especial attention; it being of little use to be intelligent without being able to use intelligence to advantage. A few small boys will be received, but will be so managed as not to interfere with the other department of the School.  
For terms, apply at the store of D. W. & H. B. TODD, Lexington, or at the Institution, 12 miles east of Lexington.  
HUGH B. TODD.  
Refer to  
JACOB HUGHES, Esq.  
DOCT. J. KERRAIRD,  
MAJ. NEAL MCCANN,  
PATTON HARRISON, Esq.  
GILSON BERRYMAN, Esq.  
Fayette Co. Ky. Jan. 27, 1836—4-1f

**VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.**  
THE subscriber wishing to remove to Illinois, will dispose of his mills and farm on Floyd Fork on reasonable terms. This property lies about 16 miles from Louisville, and is a healthy situation. The farm contains about 305 acres, about 125 of which is bottom land of good quality. The dwelling is tolerable, and very handsomely situated. The mills are, an excellent saw mill, a grist mill and two pairs of stones, and a good horse mill. Possession given at any time.  
CHARLES G. DORSEY.  
Jan. 18, 1836—4-3f

**SALE POSTPONED.**  
The following sale, which was to have taken place on the 27th of this month, is postponed until Wednesday, the 17th of February next.  
**LAND, HORSES, CORN, HEMP, &c.** AT PUBLIC SALE.  
WILL be sold at Public Auction, on the 17th FEBRUARY next, on the premises, to the highest bidder, that well known tract of Land, upon which Capt. James Fletcher formerly resided, situated in the county of Jessamine, about one mile and a half south of Nicholasville and within a few hundred yards of the Nicholasville and Lancaster Turnpike Road. This Farm contains 370 acres of first rate land, the one half under cultivation the residue heavily timbered. The improvements consist of a brick dwelling house, barn, stables, smokehouse, &c.  
Will be sold at the same time and place, twenty head of Horses, consisting of mares, geldings and colts. About 300 barrels Corn, about 25 acres of Hemp, 10 or 12 head of Cattle, 50 Sheep, Farming Utensils, 100 bushels Hemp Seed, and 30 acres of Oats.  
Terms of Sale.—For the Land, one-third of the purchase money will be required in hand; the balance in one and two years.  
For the personal property, a credit of six months will be given. In both cases, bonds with approved security will be required. Immediate possession given.  
A. B. MORTON.  
Jan. 1, 1836—52-1d

**THE Georgetown Sentinel and Paris Citizen** will insert the above until day of sale, and charge this office.  
**CANDLES AND LEATHER.**  
**1000 BOXES** dip and moulded Candles, for sale by **MONTMOLLIN & CORNWALL.**  
P. S. As it is our wish to close our consignment of Leather, Shoemakers and dealers in it may expect bargains.  
January 8, 1836—3-2m

**Cheap Queensware.**  
**AT COST.**  
5 CRATES assorted WARE.—Dinner and Breakfast PLATES, CUPS, and SAUCERS, &c. Also, JUST OPENED, 1 CASK CHINA TEA SETS, at the low price of \$3. Call and see.  
**JAMES & BROTHER.**  
Lexington, Oct 14—41-1f

**OYSTERS, OYSTERS.**  
JUST received, a fresh supply of choice Baltimore OYSTERS, put up in this Fall—will be served up on the shortest notice and in the best style. Families supplied on liberal terms.  
JOHN MCKENZIE, Mill street, Lexington.  
Nov. 6, 1835—44-1f

**DOMESTIC GOODS.**  
**TRIFFANY, DUVALL & Co., Baltimore,** have on hand and expect to be receiving from the Manufacturers direct, large and constant supplies of the following GOODS:  
Brown Sheetings and Shirtings of 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 6-4 widths, from the Sarago, Powhatan, Laurel, Thistle, Union, Franklinville, and other Factories in Maryland.  
Osnaburgh, Denims and Canton Flannels from ditto  
Cassinetts, Linseys, Kerseys, Cotton Yarns, Carpet Chain, Checks, Plaids, Stripes, &c. of Baltimore manufacture, including those made at the Maryland Penitentiary.  
Sheetings, from various Factories in the Eastern States.  
Cassinetts, Cassimeres, Flannels, &c. from others, ditto  
Prints—A general assortment of fine, medium and common.  
Rouen Cassimeres, Mexican Mixtures, Canteons, twilled stripes, Jeans, Denims, and other patterns.  
Ticking, "Methuen's," "Amoskeag's," "Brown's," &c.  
Cotton Carpetings, &c.  
In addition to extensive supplies of Cotton and Woolen Goods, there  
**SHOE AND HAT ROOMS**  
contain a large stock of Ladies' Shoes and Boots, of Eastern and City manufacture.  
Men's Boots, Brogans and Shoes, a full assortment.  
Men's Fur, Wool and Patent Leather Hats, a full assortment.  
Fur and Seal Skin Caps, &c.  
They invite the attention of Western and Southern merchants to their Stock, in the belief, that they will be pleased with the assortment and prices, and that none in any other city holds out greater inducements to purchasers.  
Dec. 3d, 1835—49-2m

**PETER SIMPLE NOVELS.**  
AT 37 1/2 CENTS EACH.  
**UNIFORM EDITION.**  
THE great and constantly increasing demand for the novels of Captain Maryatt, has induced the subscriber to commence the publication of a new edition of his entire writings, in a new form, and at a reduced price. Several of his works have not yet appeared in this country will be comprised in this series, which will, when completed, be the only uniform edition of his writings that has yet issued from the press.  
The work will be published in semi-monthly numbers at 27 1/2 cents per number. Each number complete in itself, and containing the whole of one of his works, equal to two duodecimo volumes; a title page to each number.  
The whole series will be complete in eight numbers, and will form a royal octavo volume containing nearly twelve hundred pages for three dollars.  
List of works to be comprised in this edition:  
Frank Midway, or the Naval Officer.  
Newton Foster, or the Merchant Service.  
King's Own.  
Peter Simple, or the Adventures of a Midshipman.  
Jacob Faithful.  
Pacha of Many Tales.  
Japhet in Search of his Father.  
Naval and Military Sketches.  
The first number will positively be issued early in January, and the whole will be completed by the 1st of April.  
The work will be sent by post to any part of the Union, so packed as to defy the friction of the mails. Postage under 100 miles 12 cents per sheet, over 100 miles, 24 cents.  
It is almost useless for the subscriber to remark that this is the cheapest ever offered. The fact of the number of pages being near 12 hundred, and the price only three dollars, speaks for itself. The public may look upon this as the commencement of an enterprise to furnish them with works of fiction by the most celebrated authors, printed in a beautiful manner, on fine paper, at a price that will at once defy competition, and place it in the power of every person to possess a library of novels at an extremely low rate. The subscriber is indebted to one that will be the advantage of transmission by mail is one that will be overlooked by non-residents of large cities. The publisher thinks, and he presumes that the public will agree with him, that it is better to issue the works of each author, in series, at a stated price, than to publish a continuous work at so much per annum; for by this arrangement they may subscribe to the works of one author and reject another. Not being obliged to pay for that which they do not want.  
A remittance of \$10 will command four copies of the work, in the subscription 3 dollars.  
Subscribers to the Lady's Book, or those wishing to become subscribers, will be furnished with the Lady's Book for a year, and the set of Novels, for five dollars, in advance, postage paid Single subscriptions to either work, three dollars.  
Address  
No. 100 Walnut St. Philadelphia.  
Dec. 22, 1835—51

**JOB GREEN, LATE OF PHILADELPHIA, CHAIR MANUFACTURER,** CONTINUES the above business opposite the Masonic Hall, on Main street. He has on hand, and offers for sale on reasonable terms, a large and splendid assortment of **FANCY & WINDSOR CHAIRS** of all descriptions and prices, also, **Settees, Rocking Chairs with cane backs and seats; Boston, and other kinds,** all of which are manufactured of the best materials, and warranted well made. Old Chairs repaired and painted; Copal Varnish for sale.  
Wanted, a good fancy Chair maker;—also, a Painter and Ornamentor; none but good workmen need apply; to such, constant employment and good wages will be given.  
An apprentice well recommended will be taken.  
Lexington, July 24, 1834—29-1f

**Dissolution of Partnership.**  
The Firm of Gable, I. Morton and A. B. Morton, trading under the firm of Morton & Co. in a Bagging concern in Fayette county, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.  
GABLE, I. MORTON, A. B. MORTON.  
October 26, 1835.

**LOST.**—On the night of Tuesday, 24th November, between Brennan's Hotel and Exchange Office of David A. Sayre, A CORAL BRESTPIN. Any person who has found and will leave it at the office of the Editor of this paper, will be suitably rewarded.  
Lex. Dec. 12, 1835—43-1f

**S. BANKIN, MERCHANT TAILOR,**  
MAIN STREET, A FEW DOORS BELOW THE PHOENIX HOTEL.  
KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of Gentlemen's Fashionable Ready made Clothing, consisting of CLOAKS, BOSTON WRAPPERS, COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, STOCKS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c. Together with an excellent stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS. Also, a general assortment of Fancy Articles in his line, which will be sold unusually low for cash.  
Gentlemen ordering clothes, may rest assured that they shall be made to please them, in style and taste, equal to the work of any Establishment in the city, he has in his employ workmen of the best kind, from Europe and the Eastern Cities.  
Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.  
Lex. Dec. 20, 1834.

**CHEAP SIGN PAINTING.**  
In the neatest manner, and as cheap as any work of the kind in the country.  
THE subscriber has removed his residence to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Bruce opposite Mess. Postlethwaite and Bennant's, where those who please to favor him with their commands will be punctually attended to, in the neatest manner and on moderate terms.  
JOHN JONES.  
N. B. The person to whom I lent, some two or three years since, the first volume of the "Handmaid to the Arts," will please return it. J. J. J. BAGGING SHUTTLES for sale by J. J. Lex. May 3d, 1834—17-1f

**ATTEND TO THIS.**  
THE time has come when all persons should close their accounts. Those of my friends indebted to me, will render me a favor by calling and paying their accounts, as I am in want of money to pay my debts, and purchase GOODS.—This must be done during this month.  
J. G. MCKINNEY.  
Lex. Jan. 1, 1836—52-1f

**DR. SAMUEL C. TROTTER**  
GRATEFUL for the liberal practice he has already had, respectfully tenders a continuance of his services to the citizens of Lexington and the adjoining country, in the various branches of his profession, viz:  
**Practice of Physic, Surgery, &c. &c.**  
His office is on Short-street, three doors below the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may always be found, except when professionally absent.  
Aug. 12, 1835—32-1f

**FOR SALE.** A half league of land, in Austin's Colony, Texas, very eligibly situated on Dick's or Dickinson's Creek, a navigable stream, emptying into Galveston Bay, at whose mouth the town of Pownhattan is laid out, commanding a fine harbor. The above tract was selected for the proprietor by persons familiar with every league in the Colony—it consists of a mixture of prairie and timbered land, and it is the best that can be, for the cultivation of Cotton or Sugar, all conditions having been fulfilled, and expenses paid. It is recommended to persons disposed to emigrate to Texas, as saving much trouble, expense and delay. Inquire at this office.  
Lex Aug 27, 1835—35-1f

**LEXINGTON BREWERY.** The public are informed that the proprietor of the Lexington Brewery having taken it into his own hands, and having repaired and fitted it up in the best manner, and associated himself with one of the most scientific and practical Brewers in the Western country, he is now prepared in assuring the friends and lovers of Malt Liquors, that they will furnish them with Porter, Ale and Beer of a superior quality, to any made in said Brewery for the last 10 years. Beer will be ready for delivery by the 1st of September next, when it is hoped that judges of Malt Liquors will be convinced that nothing but a full knowledge of the business, and attention thereto, is essential to the making of as good Porter, Ale and Beer in Lexington, as any part of the world.  
**BARLEY, BARLEY, BARLEY.** Wanted—Ten thousand bushels of Barley, for which the highest price in cash will be paid on delivery at the above Brewery. Farmers supplied with fall barley for seed.  
CLARY, & Co.  
August 19, 1835—34-6m

**NEW GOODS.**—The subscribers are receiving at their stand on Main-street, two doors above the Post Office, their Fall and Winter GOODS, among which are, a well selected assortment of Cloth, Cassimeres, Cassinets, and French and English Merinos; a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's SHOES and BOOTS. Fur Caps and Capes, Carpeting and Rugs, Hardware, Queensware, French & English China-sets—Glassware—Groceries—Java Coffee, (in superior article.)  
SAMUEL ROBINSON & CO.  
Lex. Sept. 17, 1835—37-1f

**M. E. BROWNING & CO.**  
HAVING purchased of CALLEN WORLEY, his stock of **MERCHANDISE,** consisting of a large and valuable assortment of Wholesale and Retail, on as fair and reasonable terms as like goods can be bought in any market west of the mountains. They are resolved to spare no pains to accommodate and please those who may favor them with a call. To the old patrons of the house, they look with much confidence, and solicit a continuance of their custom, from which it is hoped a mutual benefit and satisfaction will be derived.  
CALEB WORLEY, having sold his stock of merchandise to M. E. BROWNING & Co. takes great pleasure in recommending to his old customers and patrons, a continuance of their dealing with his successors, at the old stand, opposite the upper end of the Public Square. He would at the same time very sincerely return his thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him during his continuance in business. It is his wish as respectfully to close his business, and he hopes that all those who have open accounts will call and close them by note or payment without delay.  
Lex. June 15, 1835—24-1f

**FINE GOOSE-CREEK SALT**  
Just received, and for sale by  
D. BRADFORD & CO., Opposite the Market.  
Sept. 17, 1835.

THE subscribers to the Kentucky Gazette are informed that I have transferred to Daniel Bradford, all the accounts and notes due to that paper, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to him.  
T. J. PEW.  
Dec. 12, 1835—49-

**COLUMBUS, BY OSCAR.**  
(THE SIRE OF ELIZA BAILEY, MARY M'FARLAND, BUTLER, AND OTHERS.)  
AT the solicitation of many friends I have determined to stand this fine stallion at Lexington the ensuing season. The horse is now and will be kept equal to any performance of his class, beyond dispute. His pedigree and performance, and the performance of his colts, as well as other particulars will be made known in due time.  
DAVIS THOMPSON.  
January 1st, 1836—52-1f

**BLANK DEEDS,**  
FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.  
A FIRST rate Brass 8 day CLOCK, will be sold on Wednesday morning, the 26th inst. at 10 o'clock, by  
D. BRADFORD.  
Jan 27, 1836—3-1f

**THOMAS ADAMS, SILK & FUR HAT MANUFACTURER**  
Main Street, Lexington, Ky.  
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of the city, and Fayette county, generally, that he has commenced his business in the small frame house opposite Messrs. Montmollin and Cornwall's store, where he will attend to all orders for Hats with punctuality and despatch, and grateful for the least favor.  
Lexington, Jan. 23, 1836—3-1y

**FOR SALE FOR CASH, A FIRST-RATE PIANO FORTE.** Enquire at this office.  
Lexington Dec. 21, 1835—51-1f

**WOOD CUTTERS!! WOOD CUTTERS!!**  
THE subscriber will give fifty cents per cord to wood cutters, for cutting wood within two miles of Lexington. Apply to  
N. MCCOY, Near Lexington  
Dec. 24, 1835—51-1f

**NOTICE.**  
THE subscriber having disposed of his interest in the Store of J. Tilford & Co. to Jas. Tilford & W. P. & James M. Holloway, would respectfully solicit for them a continuance of the patronage of his friends.  
As it is important that the business of the late firm should be closed as speedily as possible, those indebted either by note or book account, will confer a favor by calling and settling without delay. Mr. J. W. Cochran is authorized to receipt and receive the balances due.  
J. TILFORD.

THE subscribers having purchased of J. Tilford & Co. their entire stock of Merchandise, and rented their Store-rooms for a term of years, would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they will continue to carry on the business under the firm of  
**TILFORD, HOLLOWAY & CO.**  
They expect to receive in a few days, additional supplies of Merchandise, which, with the stock now on hand, will render their assortment full and complete. As they design keeping at all times an extensive stock exclusively for WHOLESALE DEALERS, they would particularly invite calls from that class of purchasers—the same inducements offered as heretofore. They will also continue to keep a well selected stock for retailing.  
A continuation of the old custom of the house is respectfully solicited.  
Just received, a large assortment of MEN'S BOOTS and SHOES, which will be sold at a small advance. Also, an additional supply of the Anchor Bolting Cloths, Nos. 4, 6, and 7.—Flowered paper for rooms, passages, &c. &c.  
JAMES TILFORD, W. P. HOLLOWAY, JAS. M. HOLLOWAY.  
Nov. 30, 1835—48-1f  
The Observer and Gazette will insert the above 1f.—Intelligencer.

**TO PRINTERS.**  
**E. WHITE & WM. HAGER**  
RESPECTFULLY inform the Printers of the United States, to whom they have been individually known as established Letter Founders, that they have now formed a copartnership in said business, and from their united skill and extensive experience, they hope to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their orders.  
The introduction of machinery in place of the tedious and unhealthy process of casting type by hand, a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity and a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senior partner, first successfully accomplished. Extensive use of the machine cast letter has fully tested and established its superiority in every particular over those cast by the old process.  
The Letter Foundry Business will hereafter be carried on by the parties before named, under the firm of White, Hager, & Co. Their specimens exhibit a complete series from Diamond to Sixty four lines Pica. The book and news type being in the most moderate light and style.  
White, Hager & Co., are agents for the sale of Smith and Rest Printing Press, which they can furnish their customers at manufacturer's prices. Chases, Cases, Composing Sticks, Lugs, and every article used in the Printing Business, kept for sale and furnished on short notice. Old type taken in exchange for new at nine cents per pound.  
N. B. Newspaper proprietors who will give the above three insertions, will be entitled to Five Dollars in such articles as they select from our specimens.  
New York, Oct. 1, 1835—48-

**THE PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Conn.**  
HAVE paid with in a few years past in the Western States for losses by Fire, about  
**300,000 Dollars!!**  
and are still willing to assume and continue **RISKS AGAINST FIRE.**  
By E. K. SAYRE, ATT'Y. AT LAW, their agent, on the shortest notice and most favorable terms.  
E. K. SAYRE, Corner Short st. & JORDAN'S RUW. Lexington, March 21, 1835—12-1y

**NORTHERN BANK OF KENTUCKY**  
THE fourth Instalment of TEN DOLLARS on each Share will become due, and is requested to be paid, on the 27th day of February 1836. By order of the President and Directors,  
M. T. SCOTT, Cashier.  
Lex. Oct. 17, 1835—46-3m

**CABINET SHOP.**  
THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the citizens of Lexington and its vicinity, that he has just completed a thorough repair of his shop, and is now ready to wait upon his customers with anything in the Cabinet line. He will, at the shortest notice, be able to furnish COFFINS of all sizes and descriptions. He has a NEW HERRASSE for the better convenience of the citizens. His present stock of CABINETRY W O R K is now, and will be kept equal to any in the Western Country. His shop is on the corner of Short and Limestone streets, diagonally opposite the Jail, and his family residence is in the two story brick adjoining. By a strict attention to business, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.  
March 10, 1835—10-6m  
J. EDINGTON.

**DOCTOR HOLLAND**  
HAS removed his office to the new building next below the new Post Office, and situated between Mr. D. A. Sayre's and O. Keen's Esq.'s. His residence is at Mrs. Crittenden's Boarding House, upper end of Jordan's Row.  
As he is resolved to devote himself zealously to his profession, he begs leave to say to his friends that whether at home or abroad, he hopes they will find him where he ought to be, and ready at all times promptly to attend to them.  
Lexington Dec. 17, 1835—50-7f

**DOCTOR HOLLAND**  
HAS removed his office to the new building next below the new Post Office, and situated between Mr. D. A. Say